

Parsing LL(1) Grammars

Announcements

- Final Project
 - Find a partner ASAP! E-mail me if you can't find one.
 - We will post additional resources on Piazza.
 - Parsing:
 - You will extend the parser, which is written in LALRPOP, a parser generator written for Rust.

Parsing with CFGs?

- Regexp -> DFA
- Linear time implementation
- Lexer/Scanner Generators
- CFG -> Pushdown Automata
- Best algorithm: $O(n^3)$
- Not feasible

Parsing with Some CFGs

- Carve out a subset of CFGs that *can* be implemented in linear time.
- Practical: Most programming languages fall into these categories, and that's no accident: many languages are **designed** with these restrictions in mind.
- Today: LL(1)
 - Fast, simple enough for hand-written parsers
 - Too weak for many practical languages
- Next Time: LR(1)
 - Fast, more expressive than LL(1)
 - Too complicated for hand-written, instead use parser generators

"Top-Down" Parsing

Parsing as a Search

- An idea: **treat parsing as a graph search.**
- Each node is a **sentential form** (a string of terminals and nonterminals derivable from the start symbol).
- There is an edge from node α to node β iff $\alpha \Rightarrow \beta$.

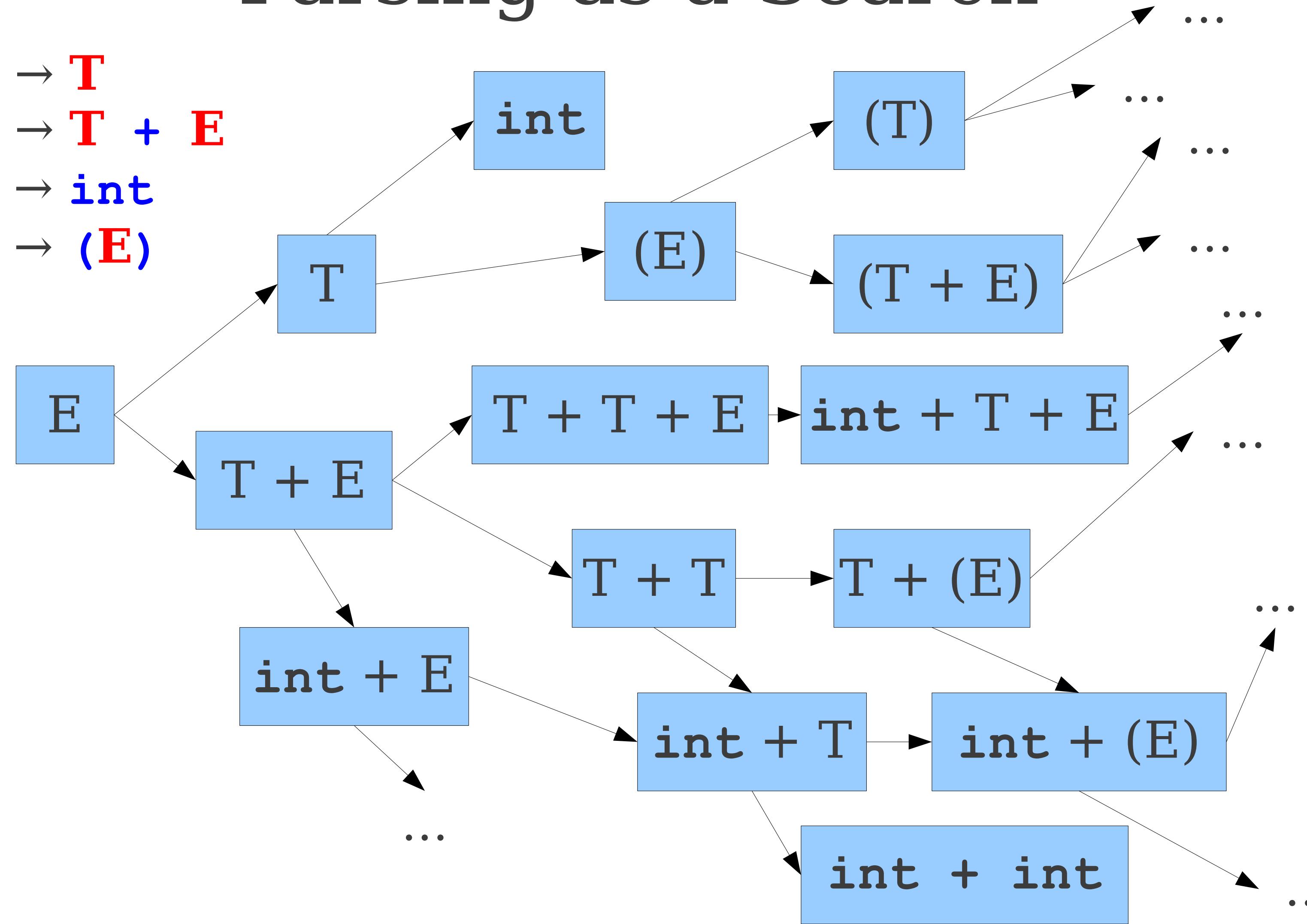
Parsing as a Search

$E \rightarrow T$

$E \rightarrow T + E$

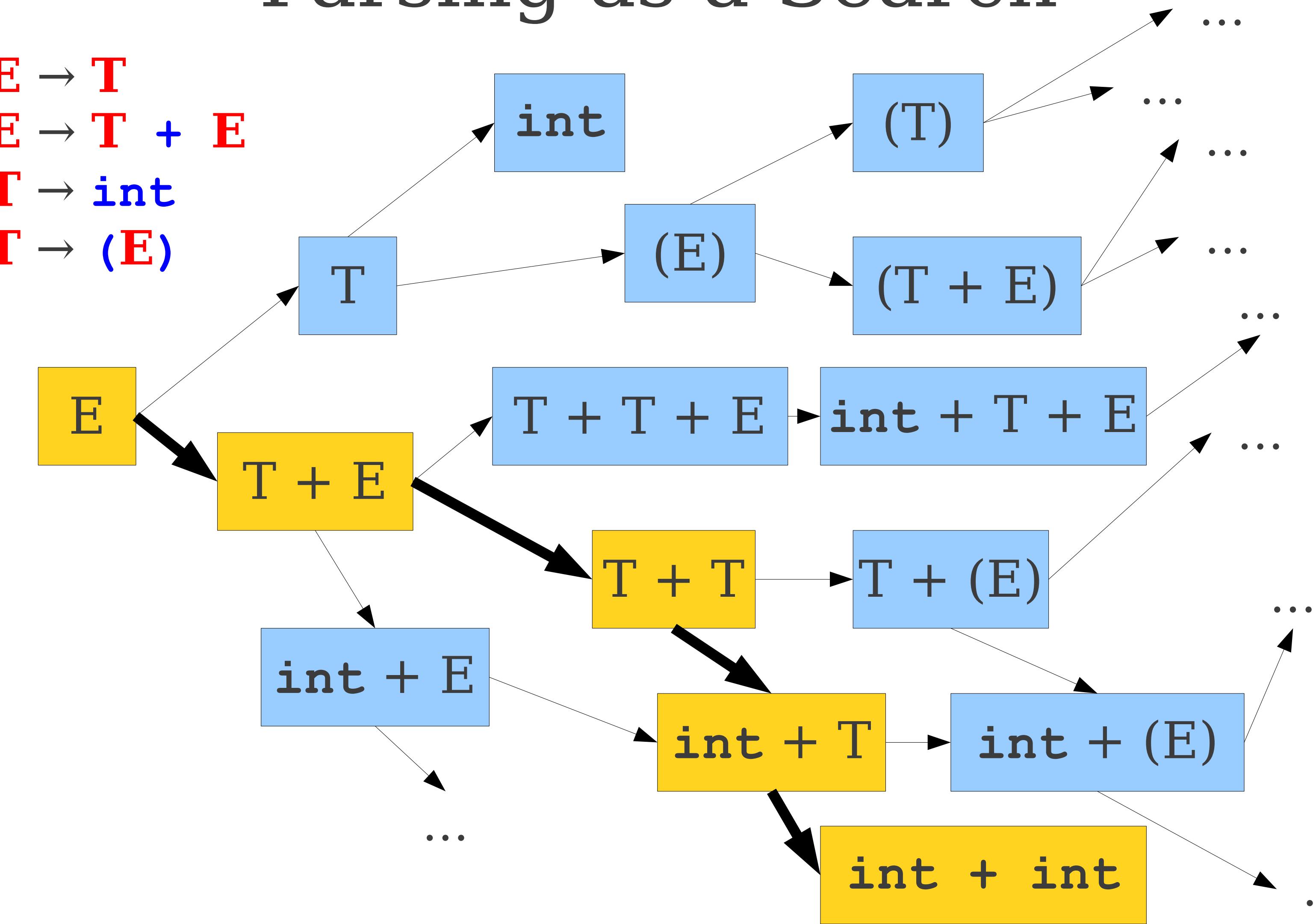
$T \rightarrow int$

$T \rightarrow (E)$



Parsing as a Search

E → T
E → T + R
T → int
T → (E)



Recursive Descent

- Pseudo-algorithm:
 - For each non-terminal A, define a function matchA
 - non-deterministically choose a production $A \rightarrow \omega$
 - traverse the RHS ω from left to right
 - Terminal b: If the next character is a b, pop it off, otherwise fail
 - NonTerminal B: make a recursive call to matchB
 - Run matchS where S is the start symbol, if the input is all consumed, succeed.

LL(1) Grammars

- Special class of CFGs that can be implemented by recursive descent with no non-determinism
 - Also called "predictive parsing"
- LL(1)
 - L: Left-to-right
 - L: Leftmost derivation
 - 1: 1-token lookahead

LL(1) Grammars

- Intuitively, LL(1) grammars ensure we can remove the non-determinism by using **lookahead**
 - Look at **1** token (without consuming it) to determine which production to choose
 - Not every grammar can be implemented this way

LL(1) Grammars

- Weaknesses
 - LL(1) grammars are inherently unambiguous
 - LL(1) grammars are restrictive
- Strengths
 - FAST
 - Easy to implement manually

Recursive Descent for LL(1)

- Pseudo-algorithm:
 - For each non-terminal A, define a function matchA
 - Look at the first token (treat end of string as a special \$ token),
 - At most one production $A \rightarrow \omega$ can possibly match. If none do, fail
 - traverse the RHS ω from left to right
 - Terminal b: If the next character is a b, pop it off, otherwise fail
 - NonTerminal B: make a recursive call to matchB
 - Run matchS where S is the start symbol. If the entire string is consumed, succeed

LL(1)

- Formal definition:
 - Whenever we have two distinct rules $A \rightarrow \alpha \mid \beta$
 - $\text{First}(\alpha)$ disjoint $\text{First}(\beta)$
 - $\text{Nullable}(\alpha)$ exclusive or $\text{Nullable}(\beta)$
 - (If $\text{Nullable}(\alpha)$ then $\text{First}(\beta)$ disjoint $\text{Follow}(A)$) and vice-versa

LL(1) Parse Tables

LL(1) Parse Tables

E → int

E → (E Op E)

Op → +

Op → *

LL(1) Parse Tables

$E \rightarrow \text{int}$

$E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

$\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

$\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	+	*
E	int	(E Op E)			
Op				+	*

LL(1) Parsing

(int + (int * int))

- (1) **E** → **int**
- (2) **E** → (**E Op E**)
- (3) **Op** → **+**
- (4) **Op** → *****

LL(1) Parsing

E	(int + (int * int))
---	---------------------

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

LL(1) Parsing

E	(int + (int * int))
---	---------------------

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

E\$	(int + (int * int))\$
-----	-----------------------

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

E\$

(int + (int * int))\$

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

	int	()	+	*
int	1	2			
Op				3	4

The \$ symbol is the end-of-input marker and is used by the parser to detect when we have reached the end of the input. It is not a part of the grammar.

LL(1) Parsing

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
------	------------------------

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

E\$

(int + (int * int))\$

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

	int	()	+	*
int	1	2			
(
)					
+				3	4
*					

The first symbol of our guess is a nonterminal. We then look at our parsing table to see what production to use.

This is called a **predict step**.

LL(1) Parsing

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
------	------------------------

- (1) E → int
- (2) E → (E Op E)
- (3) Op → +
- (4) Op → *

	int	()	+	*
int	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Parsing

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

The first symbol of our guess is now a terminal symbol. We thus match it against the first symbol of the string to parse.

This is called a **match** step.

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

$E \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$(E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

$E \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$(E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
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$E \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$(E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{int} \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

	int	()	+	*
int	1	2			
(
)					
+				3	4
*					

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
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$(E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
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$\text{int} \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{Op } E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
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$(E \text{ Op } E) \$$	$(\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
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$\text{Op } E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
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$\text{int} \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{Op } E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$+ E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

	int	()	+	*
int	1	2			
(
)					
+			3	4	
*					

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
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$\text{int} \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{Op } E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$+ E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E) \$$	$(\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

int	()	+	*	
E	1	2			
Op			3	4	

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$\text{int} \text{ Op } E) \$$	$\text{int} + (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$\text{Op } E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$+ E) \$$	$+ (\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$
$E) \$$	$(\text{int} * \text{int})) \$$

int	()	+	*	
E	1	2			
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- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

int	()	+	*
-----	---	---	---	---

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$

E	1	2			
Op				3	4

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int	()	+	*
-----	---	---	---	---

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E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
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+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$

E	1	2			
Op				3	4

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int	()	+	*
-----	---	---	---	---

E	1	2			
Op				3	4

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E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
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+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
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	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
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	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
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Op E)) \$	* int)) \$

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- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
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	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
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	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
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int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
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	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
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E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
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* E)) \$	* int)) \$
E)) \$	int)) \$

LL(1) Parsing

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	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
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E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
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int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
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+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
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Op E)) \$	* int)) \$
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E)) \$	int)) \$

LL(1) Parsing

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	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
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E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
Op E)) \$	* int)) \$
* E)) \$	* int)) \$
E)) \$	int)) \$
int)) \$	int)) \$

LL(1) Parsing

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- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
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E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
Op E)) \$	* int)) \$
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E)) \$	int)) \$
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LL(1) Parsing

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	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
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E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
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* E)) \$	* int)) \$
E)) \$	int)) \$
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)) \$)) \$
) \$) \$

LL(1) Parsing

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
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	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
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E \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int + (int * int)) \$
E Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
int Op E) \$	int + (int * int)) \$
Op E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
+ E) \$	+ (int * int)) \$
E) \$	(int * int)) \$
(E Op E)) \$	(int * int)) \$
E Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
int Op E)) \$	int * int)) \$
Op E)) \$	* int)) \$
* E)) \$	* int)) \$
E)) \$	int)) \$
int)) \$	int)) \$
)) \$)) \$
) \$) \$
\$	\$

LL(1) Error Detection

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

int + int\$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Error Detection

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E\$	int + int\$
-----	-------------

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

LL(1) Error Detection

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

(2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$

(3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$

(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E\$	int + int\$
-----	-------------

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Error Detection

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E\$	int + int\$
int \$	int + int\$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Error Detection

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

$E \$$	$\text{int} + \text{int} \$$
$\text{int} \$$	$\text{int} + \text{int} \$$
$\$$	$+ \text{ int} \$$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

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Op				3	4

LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

- (1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$
- (2) $E \rightarrow (E \text{ Op } E)$
- (3) $\text{Op} \rightarrow +$
- (4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

(int (int))\$

	int	()	+	*
E	1	2			
Op				3	4

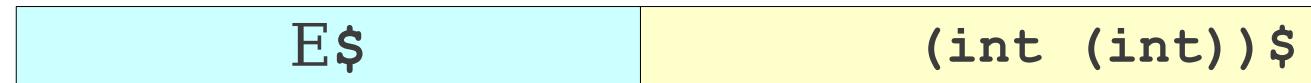
LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

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int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
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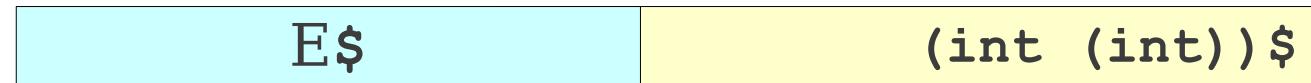
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LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

(1) $E \rightarrow \text{int}$

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(4) $\text{Op} \rightarrow *$

E \$	(int (int)) \$
(E Op E) \$	(int (int)) \$

int	()	+	*
E	1	2		
Op			3	4

LL(1) Error Detection, Part II

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int	()	+	*
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Op			3	4

A Simple LL(1) Grammar

STMT → **if** **EXPR** **then** **STMT**
| **while** **EXPR** **do** **STMT**
| **EXPR** ;

EXPR → **TERM** → **id**
| **zero?** **TERM**
| **not** **EXPR**
| **++** **id**
| **--** **id**

TERM → **id**
| **constant**

A Simple LL(1) Grammar

STMT → **if EXPR then STMT**
 | **while EXPR do STMT**
 | **EXPR ;**

EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM \rightarrow id	id \rightarrow id;
		zero? TERM	while not zero? id
		not EXPR	do --id;
		++ id	
		-- id	if not zero? id then

TERM → id
| constant

Constructing LL(1) Parse Tables

STMT → if **EXPR** then **STMT** (1)
 | while **EXPR** do **STMT** (2)
 | **EXPR** ; (3)

EXPR	\rightarrow	TERM \rightarrow id	(4)
		zero? TERM	(5)
		not EXPR	(6)
		++ id	(7)
		-- id	(8)

TERM → id (9)
| constant (10)

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TERM → id (9)
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	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT												
EXPR												
TERM										9	10	

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STMT												
EXPR					5	6	7	8				
TERM										9	10	

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EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
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	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1		2									
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

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	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1			2								
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
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	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	→	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3				
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
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STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3				
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
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	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	->	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3		3	3	
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
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 | constant (10)

	if	then	while	do	zero?	not	++	--	->	id	const	;
STMT	1		2		3	3	3	3		3	3	
EXPR					5	6	7	8		4	4	
TERM										9	10	

The Limits of LL(1)

A Grammar that is Not LL(1)

- Consider the following (left-recursive) grammar:

$\mathbf{A} \rightarrow \mathbf{Ab} \mid \mathbf{c}$

- $\text{FIRST}(\mathbf{A}) = \{\mathbf{c}\}$
- However, we cannot build an LL(1) parse table.
- Why?

A Grammar that is Not LL(1)

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- Why?

	b	c
A		$A \rightarrow Ab$ $A \rightarrow c$

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- However, we cannot build an LL(1) parse table.
- Why?

	b	c
A		$A \rightarrow Ab$ $A \rightarrow c$

- Cannot uniquely predict production!
- This is called a **FIRST/FIRST conflict**.

Eliminating Left Recursion

- In general, left recursion can be converted into **right recursion** by a mechanical transformation.
- Consider the grammar

$$A \rightarrow A\omega \mid \alpha$$

- This will produce α followed by some number of ω 's.
- Can rewrite the grammar as

$$A \rightarrow \alpha B$$

$$B \rightarrow \epsilon \mid \omega B$$

Summary

- CFGs are too general for efficient parsing algorithms
 - Instead, add practical restrictions
- LL(1)
 - Parseable by recursive descent algorithm
 - LL(1) restriction ensures no backtracking, only 1-token lookahead needed
 - Fast, and simple to implement, but weak